Post Sanction Situation of **Oil & Gas Industry** in IRAN

NIORDC

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Mineral Reservoirs

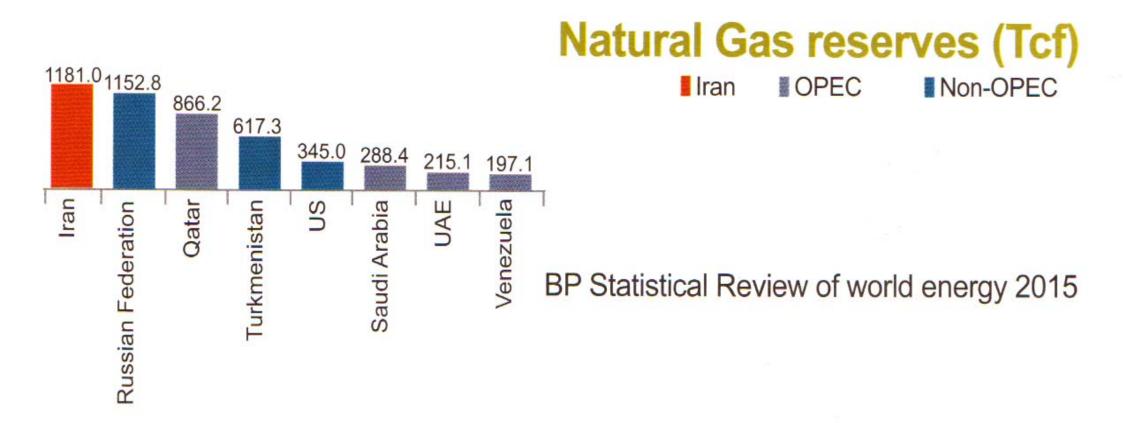
- Iran with roughly 1% of the world's population holds more than 7% of the world's total mineral reserves
- Ranks among 15 top major mineral and metals rich countries
- There are 68 types of minerals
- 37 billion tones of proven reserves
- More than 57 billion tones of potential reserves
- > Worth **\$800 billion** in 2014

Mineral Reservoirs World Ranking

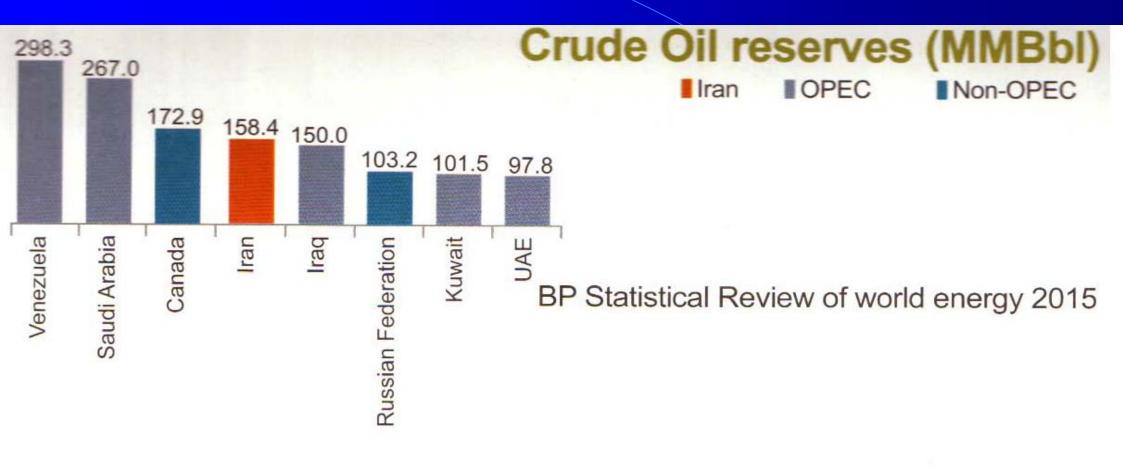
12th largest

- ➤ZINK 14th largest
- COPPER 9th largest
- ➢IRON 12th largest
- MANGANESE
- LEAD 11th largest

Proved Oil & Gas Reservoirs

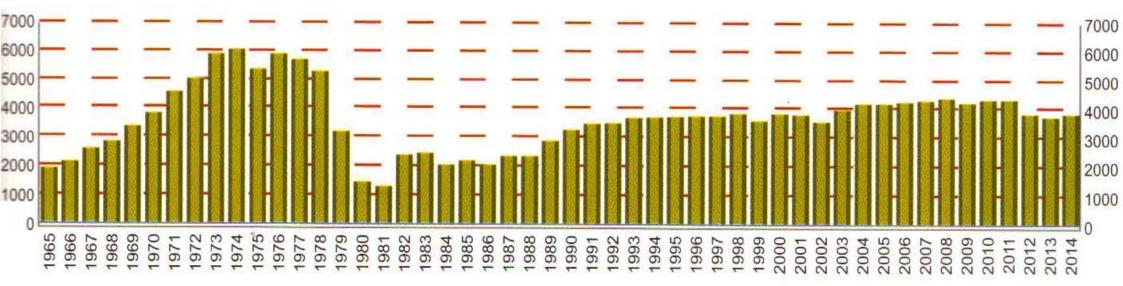


Proved Oil & Gas Reservoirs



Oil Production

Iran Oil Production History (MBbl/D) 1965-2014



BP Statistical Review of world energy 2015

Existing Infra structure

- > Oil & Products Pilelines
- Gas Pipelines :
 - ➢ High Pressure
 - **>Town Networks**
- > Power Production :
- > Power Grid:
 - High Voltage
 - **≻Low Voltage**
- Railways

36,500 KM 277,500 KM 75,000 MW/D

14,000 KM

130,000 KM 614,000 KM 13000 KM > Highways, Freeways, Roads 2500, 15000, 25000

Iran Population Statics

> Population > Active (15-65) : > University Graduates : >:Male /Female >colleges & universities: > educatee: >Job Opportunities needed on 2020

78,500,000 70% 6,000,000 38.8/39.6 2,800 4,800,000

29,000,000

Iran Daily Energy Consumption

Natural Gas: Gasoline: Gas Oil : > Fuel Oil: >LPG: >CNG:

Power:

500-626 MM CF 76-80 MM liters 90-100 MM liters 50-60 MM liters 7M tons 66MM CF 75,000 MW Petrochemical Products 5,000Tons

Daily Products Balance

- Petrochemical Plants Capacity
 Petrochemical Plants Utilization
- Petrochemicals Export
- Refining Capacity
- Utilization
- Products Export

13,000 Tons 74% 4,000 Tons 1,700,000 bbl 110% up to 65,000 Tons

Iranian Petroluem Contracts (IPC)

• There are 3 categories of contracts:

 Exploration, and If commercial, it's development & Production
 Development of Green Field and implementing them according to the measures & Duration of the Contract

Improvement of operation or recovery factor increase (EOR / IOR) in fields under operation

IPC Structure

- The structure is approved by Board of Ministers and is strongly & legaly supported
- It is in conformance with the Resistive Economy Regulations
- It has been approved by the PARLIMENT
- Project Execution is seen as Joint Venture
- The proprietary of the government of I. R. Iran over natural Oil & Gas Reservoirs are preserved

IPC Incentives

- The following principles rule over all contracts on the basis of Ministers Board Approval
 - Oil Ministry is authorized to consider a maximum term of 20 years for each contract starting from development operation expandable +5 years in some projects
 - The reimbursement of all direct and indirect costs, financial costs, fee payment and production costs via a sectorial allocation (Max. 50%) of the field products and / or earnings from contraction the basis of product day sales price

IPC Incentives Ct'd

If Oil Ministry Decide to reduce the production rate or terminate the field subject of the contract, they should not influence the repayment of the relevant costs and fees to the contractor

In case of produced oil/gas is consumed in domestic market, NIOC can reimburse the costs & fees from other fields

The Fee is defined as a function of production rate, risk factors & international and regional Oil / Gas prices

IPC Incentives Ct'd

- The costs of explorative and/or appraisal operations will be defined and determined on the basis of minimum exploration and/or appraisal liabilities in the process of appointing counterparty
- The operational costs and indirect costs of production are measured and reimbursed as current costs since the start of the production. Moreover, the payment of the relevant free to the contractor will start according to the provisions of the contract from the same point.

Cost reimbursement methodology

- The reimbursement will be measured based on the course contained in the contract till the field / reservoir reaches initial / excess production level in Green / Brown fields.
- indirect costs of production are measured and reimbursed as current costs since the start of production
- All payment are done or earning from the products of reservoir / field, subject of contract on the day price or cash basis in due course

Projects Priority

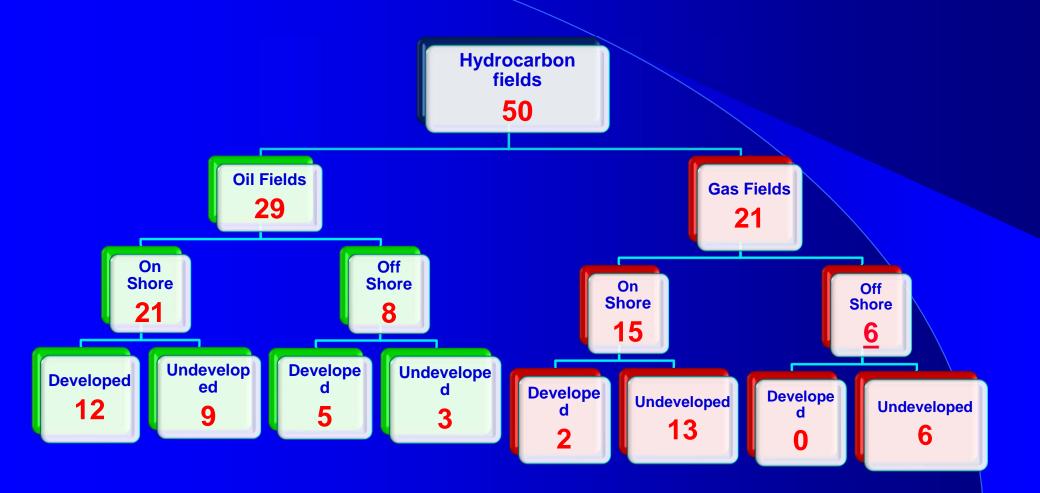
NIOC introduces

- ≻50 hydrocarbon fields and
- >18 exploration blocks for development.

Priorities for development are

- Common fields,
- high potential green fields and
- renewal of the high productive brown fields

UP Stream Projects Overview



Undeveloped Khami Gas Reservoirs

Field Name	Formation Name	Gas in Place	Estimated Gas Productio n	Estimated Condensate Production	Ahwaz Khami 1978 2300 BSCF GIP 100 MMScf/d 200 BSCf/dQaleh nar Bangestan 1975 1099 BSCF GIP 80 MMScf/d 113 Bbl/MMscfKuh e Asmari Jurassic 2007 943 BSCF GIP 30 MMScf/d 6 Bbl/MMscfKaranj Khami 1988 1006 BSCF GIP 60 MMScf/d 44 Bbl/MMscfBibi hakimeh Khami 1997 2290 BSCF GIP 135 MMScf/d 72 Bbl/MMscf
		TCF	MMSCF/D	MBbl/D	308 Bbl/MMscf 115 Bbl/MMsc1 0 Bbl/MMsc1 144 Bbl/MMsc1 72 Bbl/MMsc1 0 ppm H2S 21500 ppm H2S 109400 ppm H2S 53600 ppm H2S 25200 ppm H2S
QALEH-Nar	Bangestan	1.1	80	9	
Kuh-e-Asmari	Jurassic	0.9 5	30	0.180	Pazanan Khami 1973 3036 BSCF GIP 200 MMScf/d
Ahwaz	Fahlian	2.3	100	31	52 Bbl/MMscf 8800 ppm H2S
Karanj	Khami	1	60	2.6	Binak Khami 1999
Pazanan	Khami	3	200	10	1182 BSCF GIP Kohgiluyeh and Buyer Ahmad 50 MMScf/d 50
Bibi-Hakimeh	Khami	2.3	135	9.7	137 Bbl/MMscf 34600 ppm H2S
Binak	Khami	1.2	50	6.8	Milaton Surmeh 1977
Milatun	Sormeh	1.2	55	4.8	1240 BSCF GI Persian Gulf 55 MMScf/d Persian Gulf 88 Bbl/MMSCF Busbehr
Total		13	710	74	40000 ppm H2S

Location of Nowrooz field





Nowrooz oil field is located about 50 Km. north of Soroosh oil filed in Persian Gulf near Abuzar field.

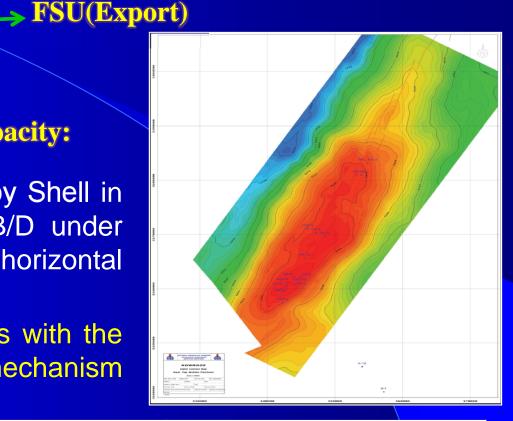
Disc.	Prod. init.	Dim.	Seismic Data	No. Wells	Formation	API
year	year	kmxkm				Degrees
1966	1971	20x5	3D	36 (22 Prod.)	Burgan Khalij Shoeyba Yamama	20.5 18 20 30

Nowrooz Field General specifications



(22 production Wells) Production Units Nominal Capacity: 60 MSTB/D

- Redevelopment of the field has been done by Shell in 2000, with the aim of producing 90 MSTB/D under natural depletion mechanism through 17 horizontal production wells.
- It is suggested to update the existing studies with the aim of determining optimum production mechanism and possibility of using EOR methods.



Field	STOIP	Cumulative Production (Up to Now)	Current Production	Total Estimated Production
	MMBbl	MMBbl	MBbl/d	MBbl/d
Nowrooz	4201	297	28	To be proposed by contractor

Down Stream Projects

- Expansion & Upgrading of Existing Refineries
- Construction of New Refineries
- > Pipeline & Terminal Projects
- Petrochemical Projects

Bottom Upgrading Projects

Refiners must reduce fuel oil to < 10%</p>

Present Fuel Production is around 23-27%:

≻Abadan	120,000 BPSD	33% → 7%
≻lsfahan	72,000 BPSD	23% → 5%
➢Bandar Abbas	86,000 BPSD	29% → 8%
≻Tabriz	25,000 BPSD	23% → 6%
≻Tehran	50,000 BPSD	23% → 7%

Siraf Refinery Park

Capacity 8 x 60,000 BPSD Gas Condensate
Utility Units: Common on NIORDC Supervision
discount on feed Price: 10%
LOCATION: Near Asaluye Area
Products Export: Possible

Pipeline Projects

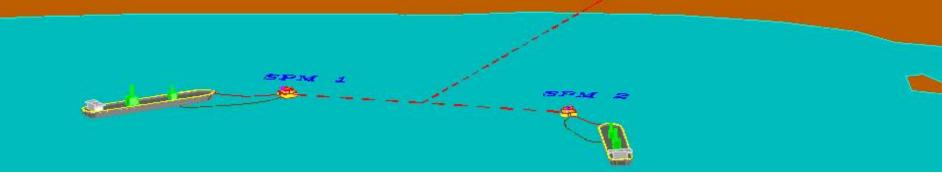
Bandar Abbas – Rey product line > 1370 KM \$300 MM >Abadan Rey product line > 920 KM \$400 MM High Pressure Gas line > 6000 KM \$10 MMM

Jask Terminal Phase-1 (SPM)

STORAGE CAPACITY: 10 MM BBLS

CAPACITY OF EACH SPM: 1.5 MM bpsd

Second and the second second second



Jask Terminal Phase-2 (Jetties)

\$500 MM

Capital Cost

CASE 2

Petrochemical Projects

> 103 Projects
> Ongoing
> 71.1MM Tons/Y
> New Oportunities
> 37.1 MM Tons/Y

\$60,000 MM 73 projects \$46 MMM 30 projects \$38 MMM

